

MÓDULO 05 - AULA 02

EXERCÍCIOS

Definition

1. What does “look down on (someone)” mean?

- a. to examine someone's features
- b. to look in a downward direction
- c. to feel that someone is less important than you
- d. both b & c

Complete each sentence with the correct form of the phrasal verb.

2. Snobs _____ people who are different than them.

- a. look down on
- b. looks down on
- c. used to look down on
- d. had looked down on

3. I'll always _____ people who mistreat children.

- a. look down on
- b. looked down on
- c. looking down on
- d. used to look down on

4. You _____ the poor. Not everyone has the same opportunities.

- a. look down on
- b. looked down on
- c. shouldn't look down on
- d. will look down on

5. Frank _____ meat eaters when he was a vegan.

- a. look down on
- b. looks down on
- c. used to look down on
- d. will look down on

6. If you _____ other people, you would have more friends.

- a. looked down on
- b. are looking down on
- c. were looking down on
- d. didn't look down on

7. Our neighbors _____ us because of the car the we drove.

- a. looked down on
- b. will look down on
- c. are looking down on
- d. is looking down on

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8. Jane _____ people who disagreed with her political beliefs, but not anymore.

- a. looks down on
- b. used to look down on
- c. will look down on
- d. is looking down

Complete each sentence with the correct word or phrase.

9. Homemade lasagna is _____ than frozen lasagna.

- a. very much better
- b. very so better
- c. so much better
- d. so many better

10. It rains a lot here. _____ I keep a small umbrella in my purse.

- a. This why
- b. For this
- c. That's why
- d. That why

11. My son is 12-years old and in the _____.

- a. sixth grade
- b. six grade
- c. sixth degree
- d. sixth gradient

12. If _____ you, I'd set an alarm to wake up in the morning.

- a. he was
- b. I were
- c. I was
- d. we were

13. I know I shouldn't laugh, but _____.

- a. It can help
- b. I help it
- c. You can't help
- d. I can't help it

14. The _____ carried a tray full of food on her shoulder.

- a. waiters
- b. waitress
- c. servicing
- d. garson

15. _____ I ever felt was when I had the flu.

- a. The worse
- b. The worser
- c. The worstest
- d. The worst

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■ ANSWERS & EXPLANATIONS

1. **D** – a expressão “look down on” é, literalmente, “olhar para baixo sobre (algo ou alguém)”.
2. **A** – com as palavras “who are”, sabemos que a frase está no presente. O sujeito “snobs” (pessoas metidas) está na terceira pessoa do plural, assim, o verbo não é conjugado com ‘s’.
3. **A** – com as palavras “I’ll always”, só podemos usar o verbo no Simple Present (alternativa A).
4. **C** – a segunda parte do enunciado da questão, “not everyone has...” está explicando por que alguém não deve fazer algo. Para expressar “não se deve”, usamos o “shouldn’t”.
5. **C** – o contexto da questão, “when he was a vegan” sugere que uma situação que costumava ser antes não é mais. Para expressar isso, usamos “used to”.
6. **D** – aqui temos um 2nd conditional, com a segunda cláusula usando “would + verb base form”. Assim, a “if clause” vai pedir o Simple Past (alternativa D).
7. **A** – a segunda parte do enunciado, “because of the car we drove” aponta que a frase está no passado. As alternativas C e D são formas de presente, e a B está no futuro.
8. **B** – as palavras “but not anymore” fala de algo que costumava acontecer e não acontece mais. Para expressar isso, usamos o “used to”.
9. **C** – quando queremos dizer que algo é “tão melhor/pior/etc.” que outra coisa, sempre usamos “so much”.
10. **C** – a expressão “that’s why” significa “por isso”, no sentido de explicar o porquê de algo.
11. **A** – “sixth grade” é a antiga “sexta série”, que hoje é o “sétimo ano”.
12. **B** – para dizer “se eu fosse”, usamos “if I were”.
13. **D** – “I can’t help it” é uma expressão que significa, mais ou menos, “não consigo me conter”.
14. **B** – as pessoas que servem num restaurante são “waiter” (garçom) e “waitress” (garçonete). Pelo uso do pronome “her”, sabemos que a frase está falando de uma waitress.
15. **D** – o superlativo de “bad” é “the worst”, que sabemos ser o correto pela expressão “I ever felt” (significa algo como “que eu já me senti em toda a minha vida”).